

GRAVEL PROCESSING IN ELECTORAL AREAS

Electoral Area Services Committee

Nov. 14, 2019

BC STONE, SAND & GRAVEL ASSOCIATION

- asked FVRD Board (July 2019) to address concern that zoning doesn't allow processing at mines sites
 - > processing \rightarrow crushing, screening, etc.
 - > long-standing issue



In the early 2000s...

- lack of planning, coordination & impact mitigation
- persistent conflicts
 - > uncertainty
 - polarized positions
 - > lack of understanding
- gearing up for litigation

GRAVEL ISSUES

- we've made a lot of progress...
 - > Bylaw 1181
 - outcome of Aggregate Pilot Project





Ongoing explosive conflicts



map deposits to ensure longterm supply



flexible, performancebased regulation



the FVRD way





2004 Start down the Minister's APP road

+ 20 meetings with Industry & Ministry



invest + \$0.5 million



engage the community many times

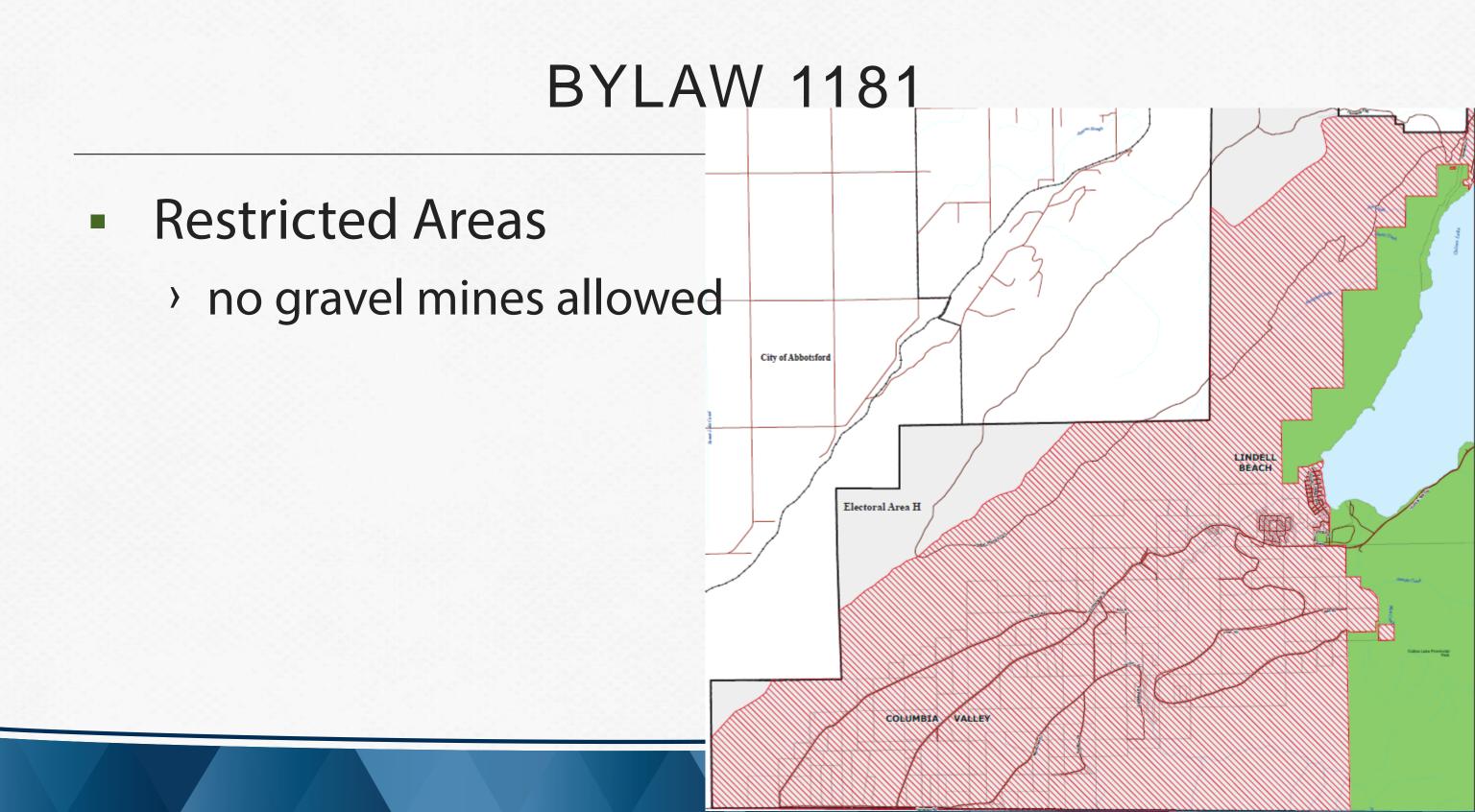


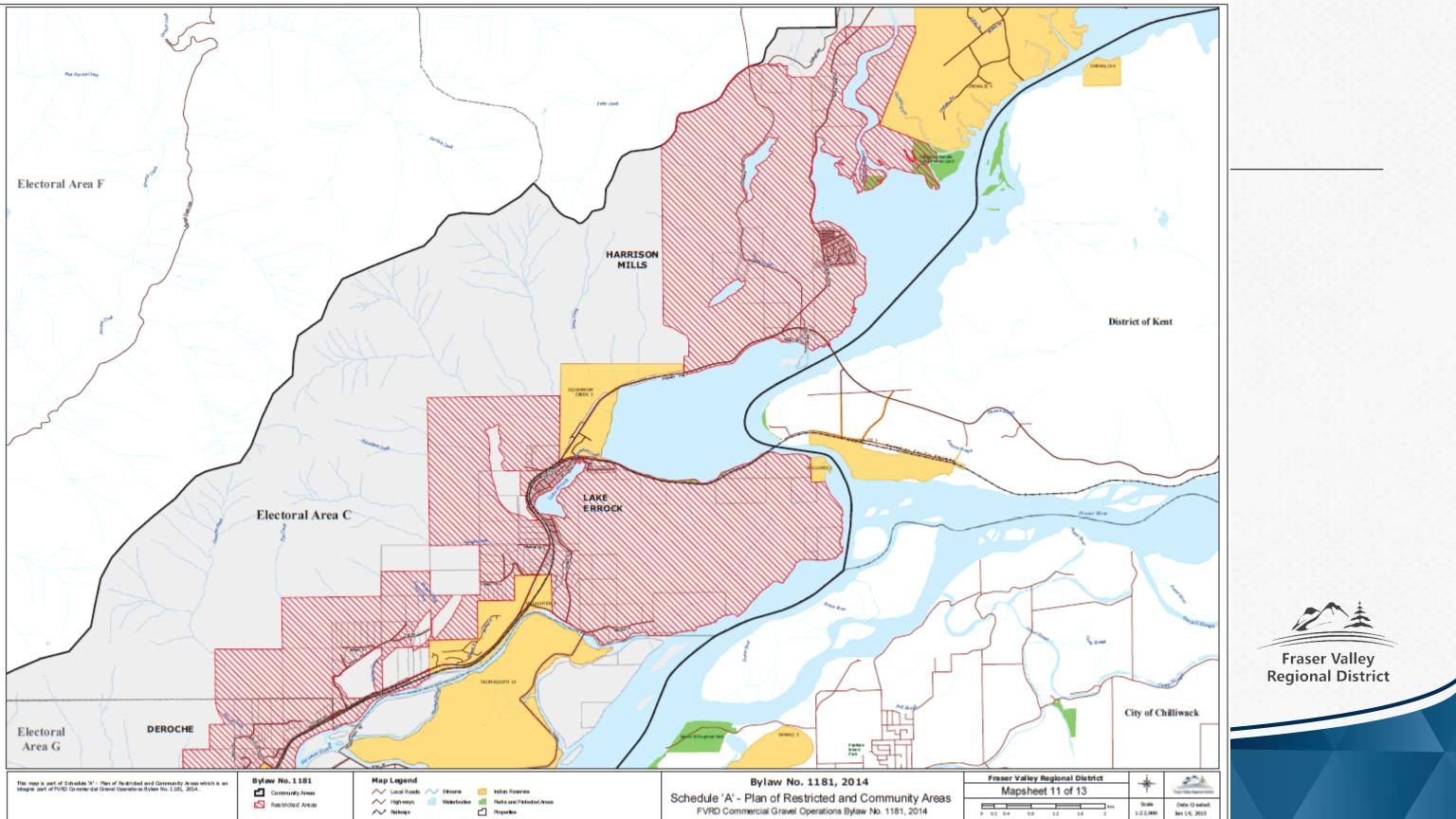
meet, refer, revise then repeat

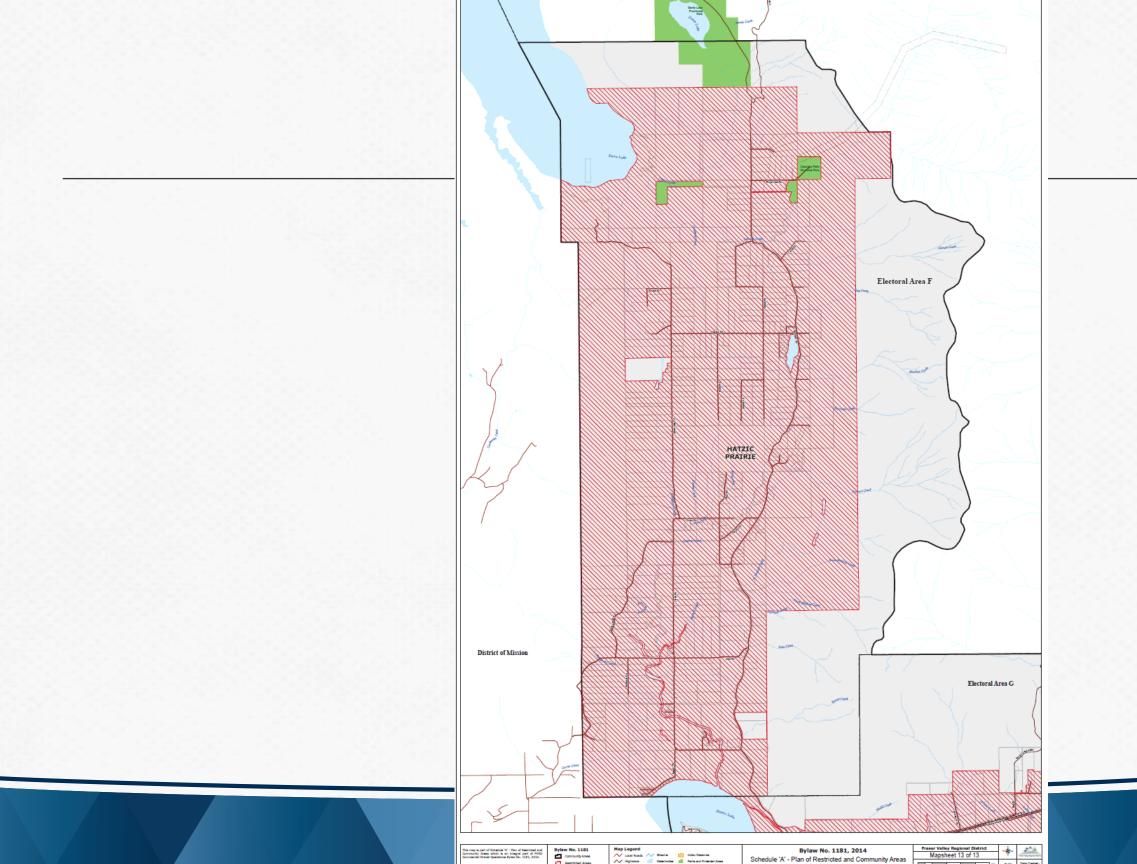


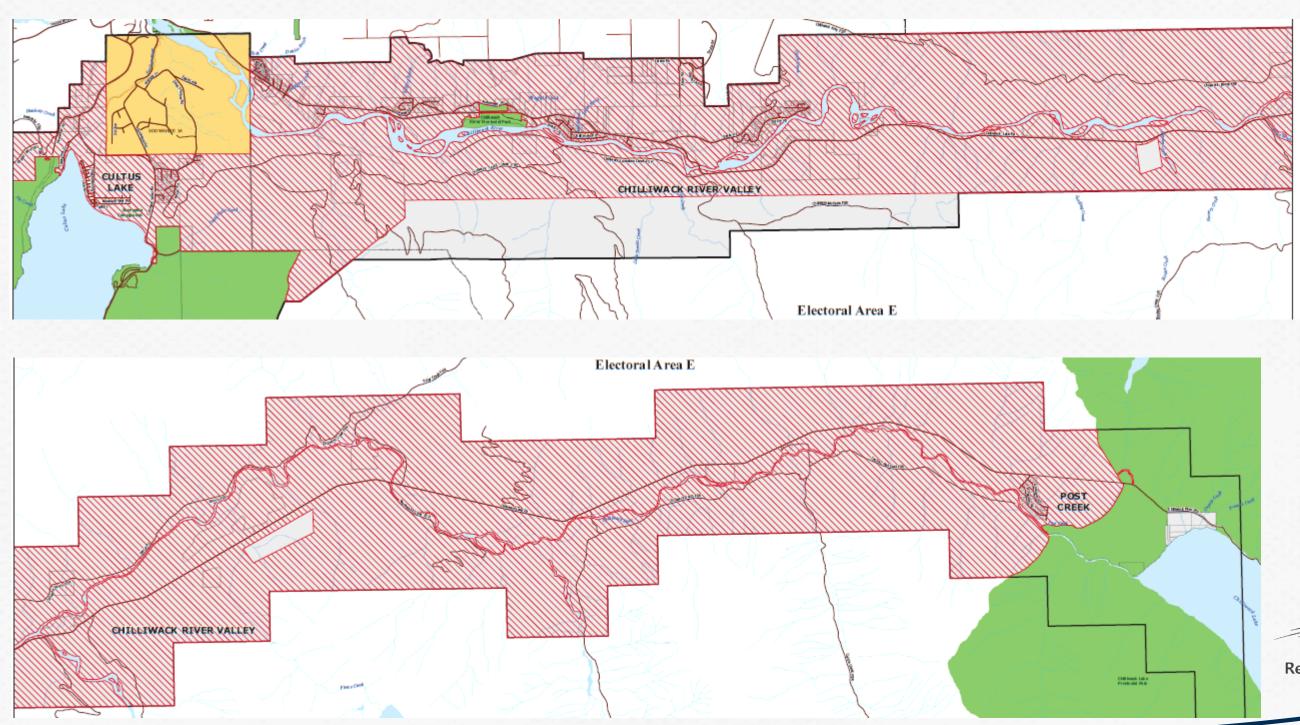
balance needs of Industry & Community











BYLAW 1181

- Noise & dust limits
 - > measurable thresholds
 - > mitigation plans & annual reporting
 - > monitoring

BYLAW 1181

- annual fees
 - > \$ 1/4 million
 - independent monitoring
 - -C&E
 - shift all service costs to industry
 - > only RD in BC

BYLAW 1181

- implementation phase
 - > permitting
 - > monitoring
 - noise and dust baseline data
 - > building relationships

GRAVEL PROCESSING

- Bylaw 1181 = important gains for EA Communities
 - > difficult pill for Industry
 - > did not address key Industry issue (processing)
 - prominent in Aggregate Pilot Project discussions

GRAVEL PROCESSING

- with Bylaw 1181 community protections in place...
 - > restricted areas
 - > noise/dust protection
 - > funds for C/E, monitoring, enforcement

... EA Directors may wish to re-evaluate how zoning bylaws address processing



OPTIONS

- * zoning amendments & TUPs are the only tools to allow the use of land for gravel processing
- Do nothing 1.
- FVRD initiate zoning amendments 2.
- Industry/operators make applications 3.
- 4. Interim Policy

RECOMMENDATION

- Industry/operators make applications (rather than FVRD initiated)
 - > zoning amendments or TUP
- consider deferring applications until independent baseline noise/dust monitoring is complete
 - > improve understanding of community impacts
 - > summer/fall 2020

RECOMMENDATION

- consider 'interim policy'
 - › focus resources on implementation of Bylaw 1181
 - > don't enforce processing prohibition if operation is permitted, complies with BL1181 and meets other conditions (TBD)

INTERIM POLICY

pros

- provide Industry with less uncertainty
- > formalize existing direction
- increase public transparency
- supports implementation of bylaw & relationships
- > retain enforcement option in egregious situations

cons

- unlikely to be supported by community
- negative public perception of non-enforcement policy
- > benefits are partial and temporary - doesn't resolve the issue

ALTERNATIVE

- defer consideration until baseline noise/dust monitoring is complete
 - > summer/fall 2020
 - > better understanding of community impacts and provide opportunities for dialogue with residents

THANK YOU